

WG Sustainability

External workshop on the environmental footprint of satellite constellations

Co-Chairs introduction

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#empowering
EUconnectivity

SUS WG publications regarding the environmental footprint of electronic communications and ICTs

In 2020, BEREC included in its 5-year strategy a new focus on sustainability to contribute to ICT-related goals of the Green Deal and UN Agenda 2030.

1

Data availability and common indicators for the telecom and ICTs:

- BEREC 2023 [Report on Sustainability Indicators or ECN/ECS](#)
- Contribution to DG Connect/JRC work for CoC on telecoms sustainability (ongoing)

2

Contributing to the empowerment of end users through information on ICT products:

BEREC 2024 [Report on ICT Sustainability for End-Users](#) and communication campaign.

3

Exploring the ecodesign of digital services for greener networks and ICT:

BEREC 2025 [External workshop on the ecodesign of digital services for greener networks and ICTs](#)

4

Providing an overview on the environmental benefits of infrastructure sharing:

BEREC 2025 [Report on Infrastructure Sharing as a lever for ECN/ECS Environmental Sustainability.](#)

BEREC work on satellite connectivity

1

2025 BEREC follow up internal workshop on direct-to-mobile-device satellite connectivity (ongoing)

2

2024 BEREC external workshop on usage of satellite technologies in mobile communications

- [Workshop + presentations](#)
- [Summary report](#)

3

2023 BEREC external workshop on secure and reliable connectivity from LEO satellite fleets

- [Workshop + presentations](#)
- [Summary report](#)

4

2022 BEREC report on Satcom for Universal Service

- [Outcome public consultation](#)
- [Final report](#)

Why this workshop?

- **Satellite constellations are growing rapidly → new opportunities, but also new challenges.**
- Environmental footprint spans the whole lifecycle: manufacturing, launch, operation, deorbiting. Impacts across:
 - **Earth**
 - Ground infrastructure: dishes, gateways, data centres.
 - Material use, land use, energy demand.
 - **Atmosphere**
 - Rocket launch emissions.
 - Re-entry of satellites & debris → chemical/particulate impacts.
 - **Space**
 - Space debris & orbital sustainability.
 - Light pollution → astronomy, weather forecasting & ecosystems.
 - Pressure on orbital resources (planetary boundaries).

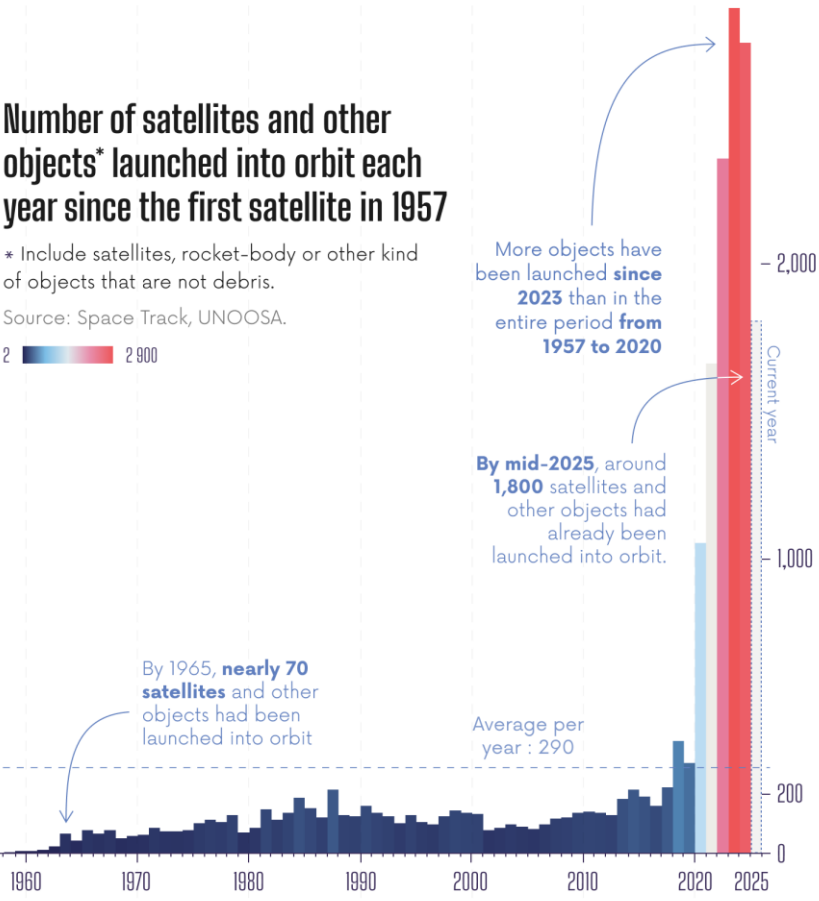
The growing deployment of satellite constellations raises environmental issues

Number of satellites and other objects* launched into orbit each year since the first satellite in 1957

* Include satellites, rocket-body or other kind of objects that are not debris.

Source: Space Track, UNOOSA.

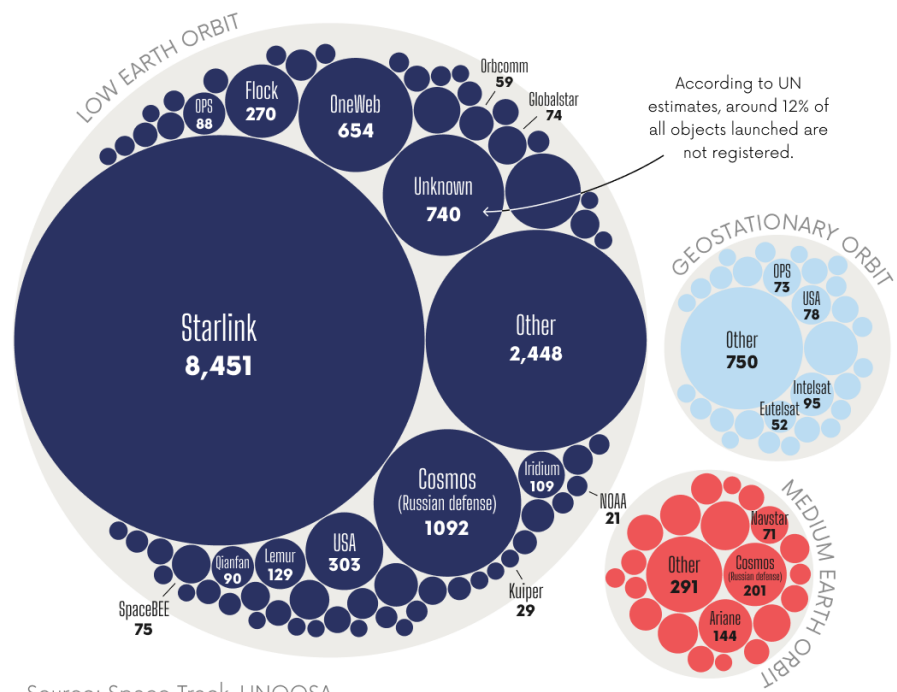
2 2 900



Source: Arcep, 2025

Number of satellites and objects* in orbit as June 2025, classified by main orbit and fleet or player

*As identified by Space Track. Include satellites, rocket-body or other kind of objects that are not debris. Some players have multiple fleets using different kinds of orbits.

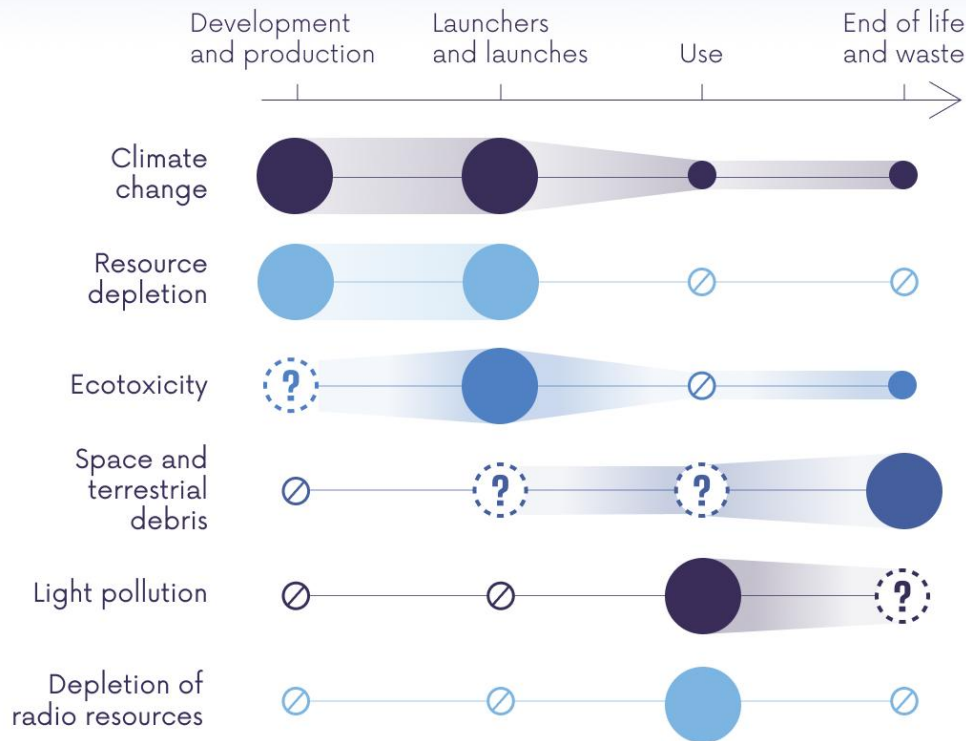


Source: Space Track, UNOOSA.

Source: Arcep, 2025

What is the environmental footprint of satellites?

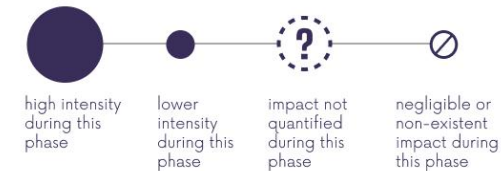
A SATELLITE: WHAT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS? AND WHEN?



Life Cycle Analysis of a satellite

From satellite production to end-of-life, a space mission generates environmental impacts that vary in nature and intensity from one stage to the next.

Relative intensity of each impact by life cycle phase



Objectives of today

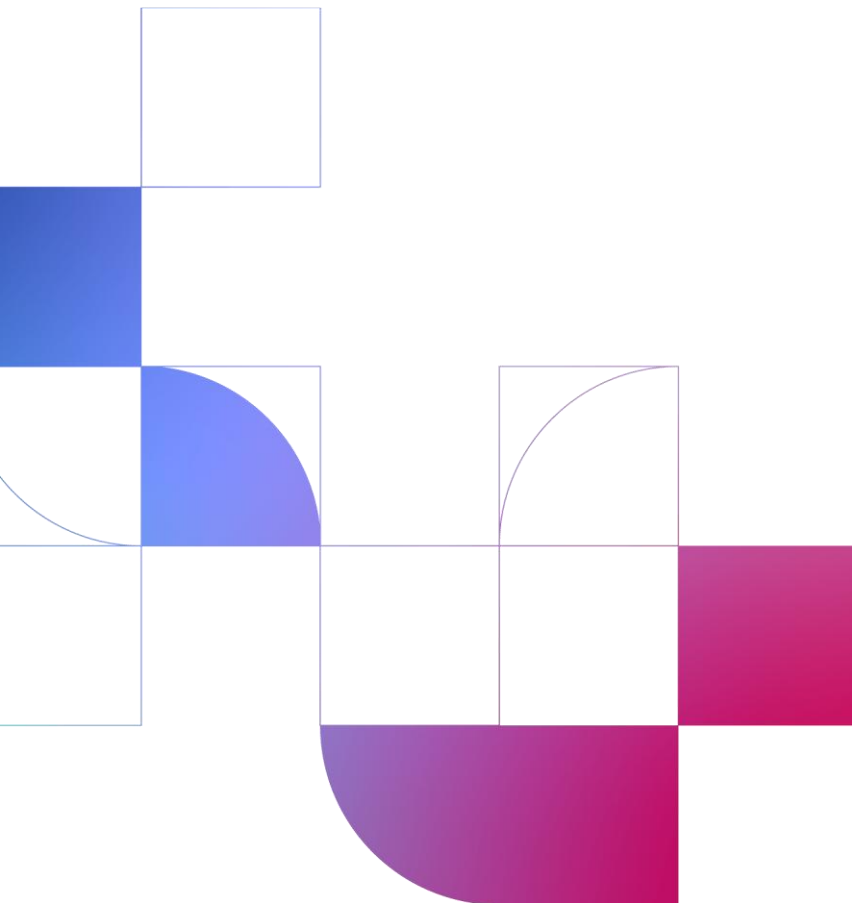
**Touch upon
existing
projects/studies**

**Discuss
challenges**

**Showcase
innovation:
sustainable
satellite design &
good practices**

**Promote dialogue
among
regulators,
industry,
academia &
international
bodies**

**The environmental
footprint of
satellite
constellations is a
shared challenge –
no single actor can
address it alone**



THANK YOU!